Green Stormwater Infrastructure: Operations & Maintenance Program

Finding solutions to NPDES permit asset management requirements

Drainage Basin Type

Creek

Poliuted stormwater runoff drates directly to urban creeks, untreated. Seattle's urban creeks are: Thornton Creek, Pipers Creek, Longfellow Creek, Paytor Creek, Fauntieroy Creek, and Schmitz Creek.

Combined

Polluted stormwater runoff contines with sewage water in one pipe. Combined runoff and sewage can overflow directly into water bodies untreated during rain storms. In driver weather, water is treated by a wastewater treatement faction.

Partially Separated

Polluted atormwater runoff from reads and the roofs of older buildings drains to a "separated" stormwater pipe underground, and discharges into waterbodies like Puget Sound and Lake Washington.

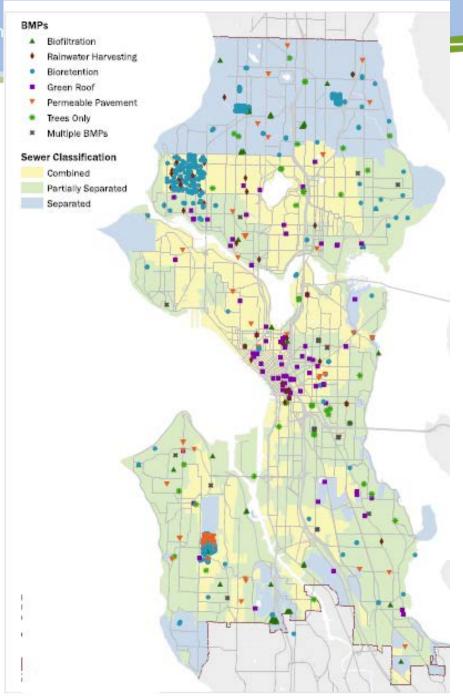
Stormwater runoff from roofs of newer buildings drains to a "combined" sewer".

Fully Separated

Polluted stormwater from roads, roofs, and downspouts drains to a "soperated" stormwater pipe underground and discharges into waterbodies like Puget Sound and Lake Washington.

All Bastn Types





GSI Program Current and Forecasted



Current (2000-13):

- Approx 4 acres of vegetated area
- \$500K O&M budget

Forecasted: 2015-2020 (area managed):

- SPU: 42 acres
- SDOT: +/- 2.5 acres
- KCWTD: 442 acres
- Code Required: ~12 blks per year
- \$1.3M O&M budget

SPU/WTD's Practice Changes

- Asset management tracking
 - 1. Equipment #'s (EQ#'s) assigned and noted on CD level drawings
- Design for major program maintenance
 - 1. Improve standard design and specifications (ROW Improvement Manual and standard details)
 - 2. GSI Design Phase Asset checklist
 - Non-standard elements require approval early in design process
 - Identifies in design potential long term cost issues of non standard elements. (O&M vetted in design)
- Third party inspection
 - Engineer of record
 - Landscape Architect of record
 - Geotechnical Engineer of record
- Clarity on acceptable maintenance
 - Compliance with NPDES
 - Communicating standard maintenance for function

Example: Design Phase GSI ROW Checklist for O&M Asset Management to ensure consistency in approach as the program grows.

- A. Facility Footprint
- B. Inlets/Outlets/Pipes– Surface
- C. Inlets/Outlets/Pipes– Subsurface
- D. Vegetation
- E. Mulch
- F. Watering
- G. Deep Infiltration (over 6 feet)
- H. Permeable Pavement Facility
- I. Hardscape/ Specialty Elements

FOR INTERNAL DISCUSSION PURPOSES

SPUAVTD GSI Program Management SPU #C12-004 DRAFT Preliminary ROW GSI Components Checklist for O Assets Date: May 5, 2014







RIGHT OF WAY BASED GSI COMPONENT CHECKLIST FOR O&M ASSET MANAGEMENT WORKING DRAFT 5-3-2014 This draft Bioretention focus -placeholders for others

		GSI Facility Asset / Component		CHECK			NEW Type	ADDITIONAL INFO	APPROVED FOR USE		
				Meets SPU Standard?	Meets WTD Standard?	Asset or EQ# If available	Tool, design, location, material etc	Reason for adding a new asset	Agency PM	O&M Mgr	Title?
•	A A Facil	ity Footprint A A A			1	4	4.6				No.
1	Soils	COS Bioretention Mix									
A1		ECY Bioretention Mix									
		COS Mineral Aggregate							_	-	<u> </u>
		Type 26									
		COS Mineral Aggregate Type 24							(-		
		COS Mineral Aggregate Type 6 - sand									
A2	Check Dams	Rock									
4											
	Weirs	Concrete									
		Wood or Composite									
43		Boulder/stone									
		Segmental									
4		Concrete									
A4	Vertical Walls	Contrete		+					- 2		1
				1	1						1

Vh2-siriprojecti/12/12034 SPU GSI PMTesk 2-Tech AnalysisSSupportiGSI ManualiVol V - 06M & Inspections/06M/Tables, Check/stat/SPU_WTD GSI 06M Table DRAFT, RevSexcept in



Maintenance Management-Current

- Two crews
 - Hardscape: city crew
 - Landscape: contractor through 2020
- Semi annual inspections
 - pre fall
 - pre spring
- Post storm events



Operations and Maintenance- Future

- Operations and Maintenance Manual Update
 - Landscape Maintenance (Acceptable/Unacceptable)
 - 2. Hardscape Maintenance
 - Structure Maintenance UIC's
 - 4. O&M Facility Checklists
- Maintenance Costs
 - Staffing and outsourcing
 - 2. Equipment & Materials
 - 3. Communications (engagement, notice, reporting)
- GIS- assess based tracking



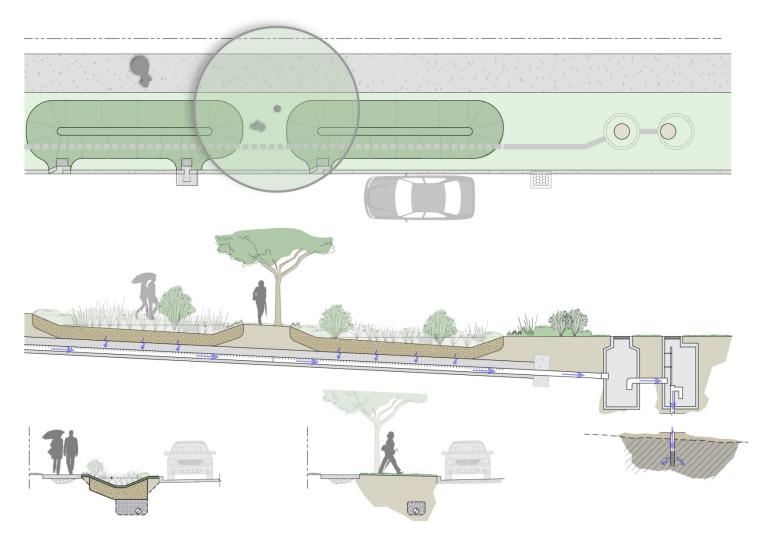
Updated GSI O&M Manual for ROW

Summary of Topics

- Transition from construction and establishment
- Operations: Defining parameters and resources
- Bioretention surface maintenance
- Structures and subsurface maintenance
- Deep infiltration maintenance
- Permeable pavement maintenance
- Outsourcing and stewardship
- Storm events
- Inspection
- Public engagement
- Maintenance agreements



Right of Way Context- Typical Elements



COMMUNITY MEETING - NOVEMBER 14, 2012 BARTON CSO CONTROL PROJECT WITH GSI

Focus on Acceptable

ACCEPTABLE MAINTANCE



Mostly healthy vegetation with good appearance



Appearance is good



Occasional weedy species (5-10%)



Some erosion and bare spots (0-5%)





Debris buildup









http://www.kingcounty.gov/environment/wtd/Construction/Seattle/Barton CSO-GSI/LandscapeMaint.aspx

Acceptable Meets Permit Requirements

- •Ex: Stormwater sedimentation structures are less than ½ full or in accordance with NPDES requirements
- Annual reporting for documenting achievement of minimum requirement for SPU Management
 WA ECY



Maintenance Guidelines-Update

- Identify asset categories
- Tie to Washington State Ecology
- Priority for function and safety
- Key observation items
- Maintenance activity
- Frequency
- Performance standard
- Adaptable for Maximo
- Adaptable for Work Order contracting



Seattle Public SIGN COMPANY Utilities

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES FOR ESTABLISHED (1-3 YEARS AF

INTERNAL WORKING DRAFT 4-30-2014

This draft Bioretention Only

ites:

1. The following table for SPU/WTD GSI program for bioretention (in City ROW) is based on the "Guidance Document: Western Washington Low Impact Development (LID) Op 2. Click on the photos to link to an enlarged image and description. Click on the enlarged image to return to the table.

* Frequency Cod

R = Routine Visits (March, July, September and October - Adjust fall visits to follow tree leaf drop)

A = Annual visit in September (unless otherwise noted)

B = Biannual visits in March and September (unless otherwise noted)

M=Monthy W= Weekly

INSPECTION Priority for Fst Frequency GSI Facility Asset / Component Function or Troubleshooting Crew Maintenance Activity (Crew) (Note 1. See also Hrs Long Term Table) A Major Storm or Weather Events Before Storm □ Remove at a minimum blockages/leaves Notification of from drain curb cuts at presettling zones, from Curh Cuts, Catch Storm Event the curb cut at the first cell after presettling Basins (CB), and Blockage After Storm and from the curb cut at the low point or PRIORITY corner. Remove blockages from all curb cuts After CSC time allows Notification n Remove blockages from weirs and last CE □ After snov □ Sweep if sand or salt is used during a snow Street Surface □ Sand or salt PRIORITY storm event and the City does not sweep Extreme drought/ □ Extreme Drought - Water VVater facility bottom area vegetation first. Limit water to remaining planted areas. When possible, perform maintenance work a Soil protection when soils are dry to prevent compaction and during maintenance damage to soil structure a Fill in erosion gullies and clean up washouts a Install temporary erosion control measures until permanent repairs are made n Fresion and March a Identify and remedy what is causing erosion September and/or or washouts measure where concentrated water flows Soils n Add mulch when settlement is less than 4 a Settlement September inches March Observe and report if plant coverage is less □ Vegetative cover than 75% at bottom zone September n Report non-draining swales March a Remove sediment draining¹ September Attempt to identify and remedy source of □ Sediment accumulation Blockage Remove surface blockages, debris. Check Dams Backed up water September sediment & fall leaf litter □ Undercutting¹ Remove surface blockages, debris, sediment & fall leaf litter n Blockage March Weirs Backed up water September □ Undercutting¹

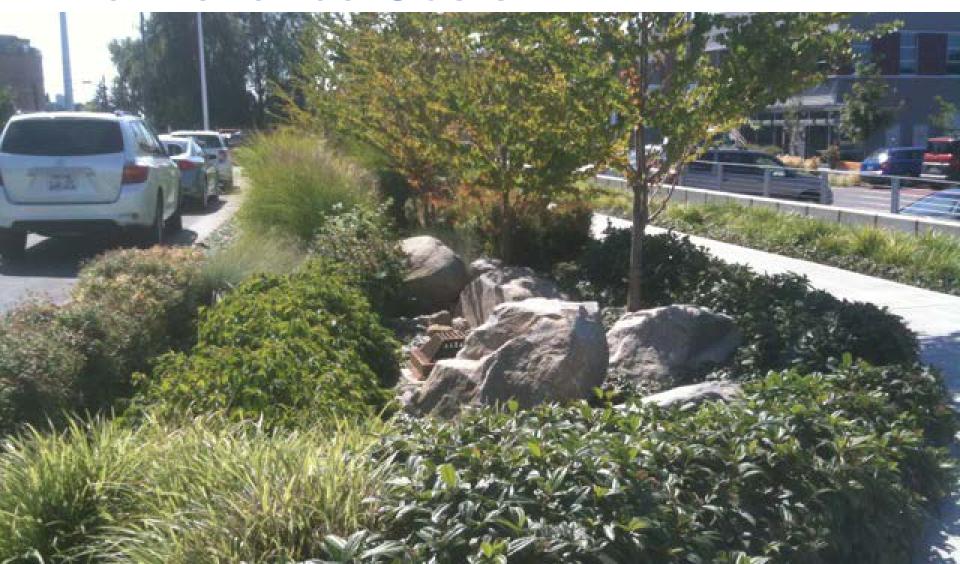


Example: Infiltration Failure Function & Safety Unacceptable

- Evidence of a cell holding water for more than 24 hours needs to be reported
- Operations and Maintenance Asset Manager-informed
- Monitor swale for ponding water
- Retrofit swale



Maintenance Costs



Total Maintenance Cost

- Total \$\$ = Vegetation + Hardscape
- Initial Vegetation 3 years
 - SPU cost: \$2.21
 - Watering method and frequency increase cost up to 4X
- Established Vegetation 4 plus
 - SPU cost: \$1.66
 - 25% reduction
- Replacement costs \$0.50 per sq. ft.
- Hardscape \$0.31 per sq. ft.

Permeable Pavements

- SPU pervious concrete pavement spec
- Inspector and installer checklists
- BMP's
- Frequency schedule & method
- Standardized infiltration testing
- Recommended maintenance activities
- Technical Report -available



Additional Tools and Resources

- Internal-Inter Departmental Team
 - 1. Reviews next practices
 - 2. Integration with Standard Details and Specifications
 - 3. Right of Way Improvement Update
- External- Partnership with King County Waste Water Treatment Division
 - Joint program
 - Common GSI Manual
 - 3. Community engagement- consistent messaging
 - 4. Staffing resource adds expertise
- Common Community Engagement Plan
- Permeable pavements
- Client Assistance memos or TIP's

Client Assistance Memos

- Mostly for Private Facilities
- Post Construction Soil Management
- Bioretention Cells (Rain Gardens)
- Permeable Pavement Surfaces and Facilities
- Tree Planting
- Green Roofs
- Bioretention Planters



GIS Integration



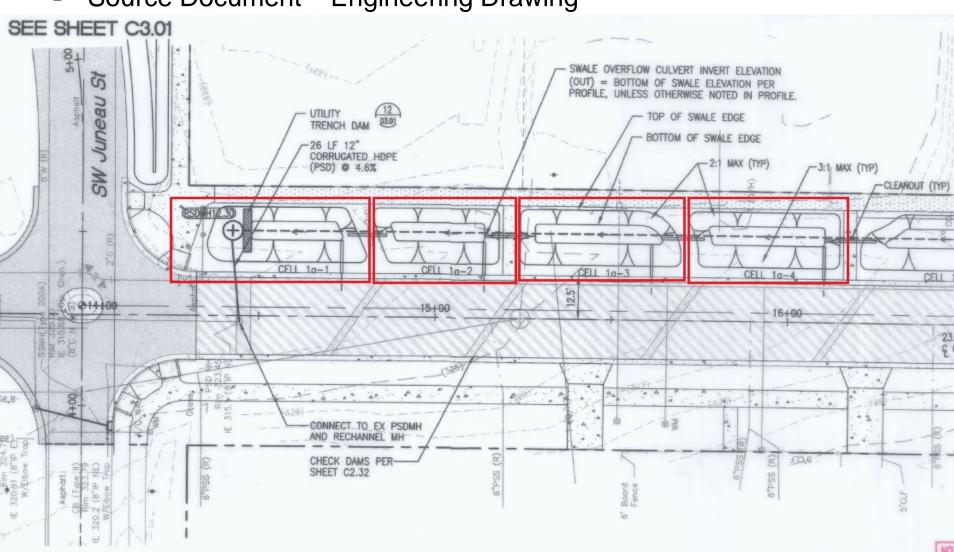
GIS Integration & Role in GSI Asset Management

- Map/Model GSI infrastructure and provide a spatial inventory of GSI assets
- Allow synchronization between GIS and internal business systems
 - DWW GIS staff maintained tables
 - Maximo asset management system
 - User tables updated by GSI subject matter experts (data stewards)
- Publish GSI presentation data to users and provide tools for research and investigation

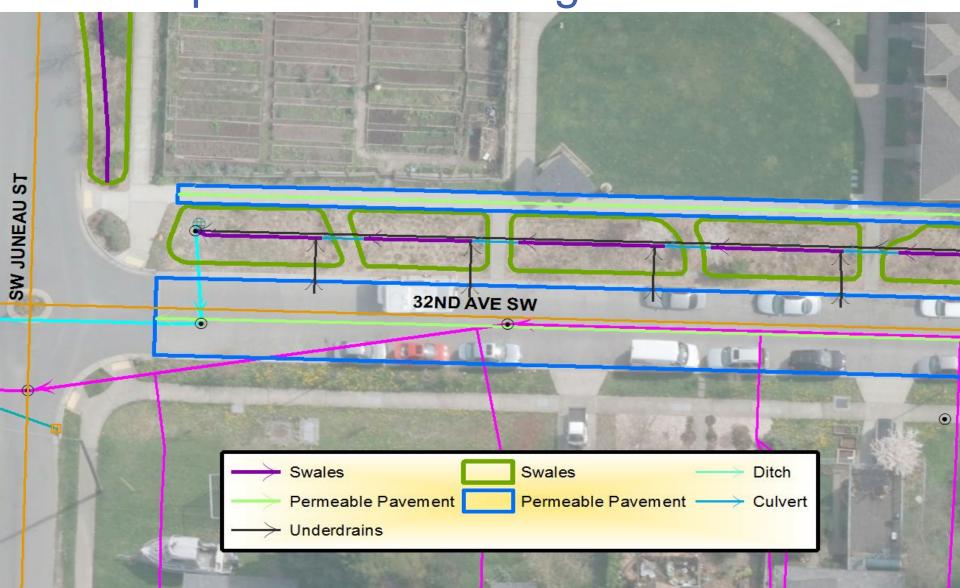


DWW GIS Maintenance Staff - Data Creation

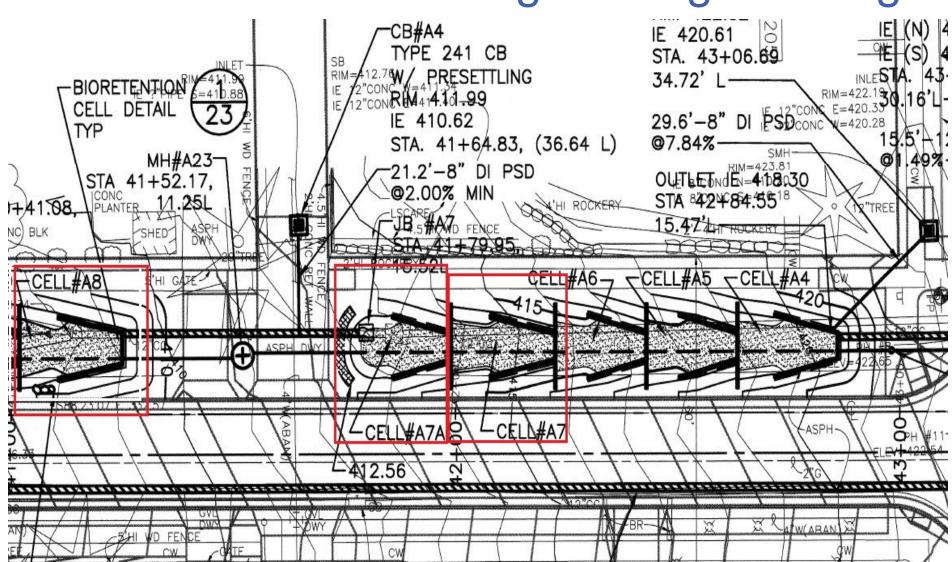
Source Document – Engineering Drawing



GIS Representation – High Point

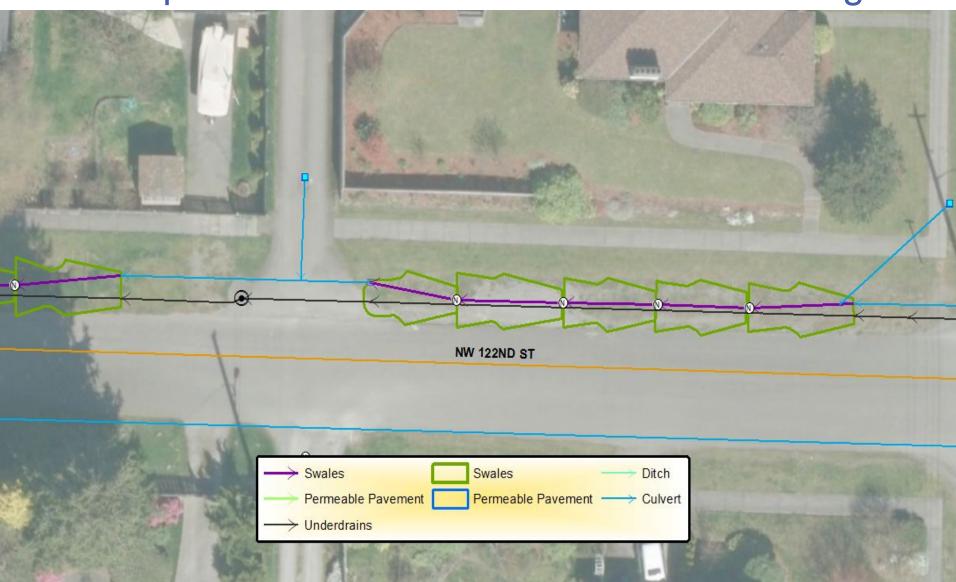


Source Document - Engineering Drawing





GIS Representation – Venema Natural Drainage



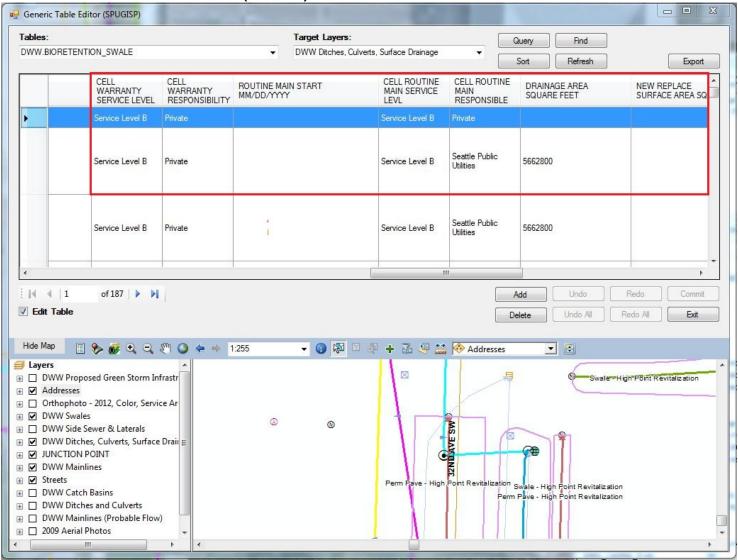
Maximo Asset Management System Integration

- All assets in GIS are assigned a unique feature key
- Weekly synchronization process between Maximo and GIS creates a relationship between the GIS feature key and Maximo asset number
- Enables GIS to be used as a tool for work order creation
- Child asset mapping relationship allows us to map assets that don't actually live in GIS (i.e. hydrobrakes, weirs, sluice gates)



GSI Data Steward Integration

Generic Table Editor (GTE)



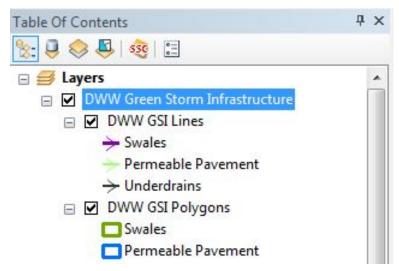
GSI Data Steward Integration

Bioretention Swale Table & GSI Project Table

- Allows subject matter experts to enter information/attributes critical to asset management, maintenance, and compliance into a stand-alone table
- This information is easily appended to the GIS presentation data
- GSI projects are treated as systems with regard to preventative maintenance (PM) scheduling in Maximo
- Enables users to link GIS assets that "live" in a particular project area to a unique project number (i.e. GSI007 = High Point Revitalization)
- Linkage between asset and project is easily pushed to Maximo for PM work order creation

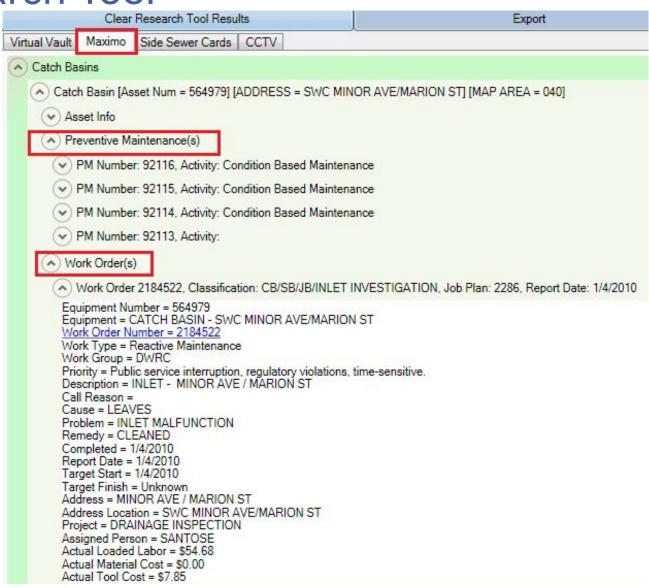
GSI Presentation Data

"DWW Green Storm Infrastructure" layer



- Available for users of UtiliView or ArcMap
- Dataset compiled with input from DWW GIS staff, Maximo, and subject matter experts

Research Tool



Summary: ROW Facilities Documentation

- Design for O&M
- Asset management
- Construction and installation checklist
- Third party inspection checklist for construction closeout





Evolving Systems

- Work, work, work with field or contracting crews
- Update photos to continue refining doc.
- Include BMP's
- Document lessons learned & Update



